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A contribution to the floristic knowledge of the Monti del Sulcis: Monte Arcosu (S. W. Sardinia)

Abstract

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The flora of Monte Arcosu has been studied and 530 taxa have been found. Among these taxa 107 are species and 78 subspecies belonging to 315 genera and 90 families. The rich variety of plant life in the Monte Arcosu area in comparison with other studied areas of Sulcis is pointed out. Analyses of the biological spectrum shows that therophytes make up 43% of the list, confirming the full Mediterranean nature of the area. Comparison with the biological spectra of other floras shows similar values, except for the thermophytes which seem considerably lower, and confirms the prevalence of wood and shrub biotaxons. The chorological spectrum shows dominance of Mediterranean elements (75%) with significant presence of the north-western Mediterranean component (16%). The number of endemic plants was found to be 92 with dominance of Sardinian-Corsican elements (32%).

Floristic and vegetational studies of the Monti del Sulcis have been carried out since the 1960s and particularly in the past decade. In fact about twenty years elapsed from the first work on the flora and vegetation of the forest at Pannamanna (Angioni 1964) to the more recent studies by Chiappini & al. (1983), Mossa (1985), Mossa & Togni (1985), Angiolino & Chiappini (1988), Ballero (1990), Candada & al. (1993) and Candada & al. (1995).

The aim of this study is to extend the floristic knowledge of the S.W. part of Sulcis and is considered as an introduction to a study on the vegetation of the Sulcis mountain system.

Geographical framing

Monte Arcosu (Fig. 1) is part of the Monti del Sulcis; it is bound to the North by the Ussita plain, to the East and South by the catchment basin of Rio Serra Lagna and to the west by the Acquacadda area. It is described in the U.G.M.I. sheets of Assemini (556, III), Capoterra (565, I), Narcanu (565, IV) and Siliqua (556, II). Most of the territory is in the Comune of Uta and Siliqua and a very small part in the Comune of Decapomannu.

The area includes a hilly and mountainous system above the 200 m contour line: it has a perimeter of 33,750 km and a total area of 32 km².

(Aithyrese Unit) and a parautochthonous one (San Leone Unit). The allochthonous unit is overlain on the parautochthonous (Barea & al. 1991), and both units made up of metasediments, metapartites, metavolcanics, metaconglomerates and metapelites.

The granitic mass is often fractured and crossed by quartz-dike and pegmatite-type intrusions. Petrographically it is made up of hornite leucogranites with a medium-thick granular structure.

The hydrographic grid seems to be well developed but not important. The main waterways originating in the Monte Arcon are Río de la Spindula, Is Prociédu and Marroscu de Siliqua.

Climatic

Since no meteorological stations are present in the area, reference was made to the data reported in Arizón (1968) for the near thermopluviometric stations of Is Campanaris and Santadi, and to the data published by the Servizio Idrografico Nazionale (National Hydrographic Institute). Nevertheless, due to lack of information on the minimum and maximum temperatures in the coldest month, it was not possible to produce temperature indices (Rivas-Martínez 1982).

The bioclimatic planes were determined only on the basis of the mean annual temperature (T). According to these climatic data (Table 1), the station at Is Campanaris ($T = 13.1^\circ$) is in the meso-Mediterranean plane, while the Santadi station ($T = 17.8^\circ$) is in the higher thermo-Mediterranean plane. From an analysis of the vegetation, a higher thermo-Mediterranean plane could also be hypothesized for the lower parts of the Monte Arcon and a meso-Mediterranean one starting from a 1000 m in altitude depending on exposition and slope.

Table 1. Mean temperatures compared.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year	Ann temp. Diff.
Is Campanaris	6.7	6.7	7.1	9.1	15.5	18.3	22.7	22	19.9	12.9	9.6	7.3	13.1	17.1
Santadi	9.8	9.2	12.2	14.5	14.8	23.6	26.8	27.6	24	20.3	16.3	12	17.8	16.4

An analysis of the monthly rainfall mean at both stations (Tables 2-3) shows high summer dryness and proves the full Mediterranean nature of the area. This datum is also confirmed by the very irregular trend of annual rainfall recorded between 1922 and 1980.

The mean annual rainfall (PI) data show a sub-humid type of climate for the Santadi station ($P = 657$ mm), and a humid one for Is Campanaris ($P = 1172$ mm). The vegetation in the system suggests a sub-humid climate and a dry climate for the north-western areas of Monte Arcon.

Table 2. Mean rainfall at Is Campanaris.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year	Range (mm)
Is Campanaris	196	150	114	98	164	150	119	135	47	133	143	192	1172	80-180

Table 3. Mean rainfall at Santadi.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year	Rainy days
Santadi	90.2	77.3	64.9	42.8	39.3	10.6	3.3	10.9	35.2	77.9	66.6	111.7	657.0	80.4

Vegetation

From the first results of an analysis of the vegetation it is seen that most of the territory is made up of coppiced woods of holm oak (*Quercus ilex* Br.-Bl. 1936 ex Rivas-Martínez 1975) and maquis made up of alliances of *Eucyon arboreus* (Riv. Mart. Ex Riv. Mart.) Costa et Deo 1984; Rivas-Martínez 1987 and *Olea-Ceratonia* Br.-Bl. 1936 ex Goum. et Deo. 1944 ex Rivas-Martínez 1984 (Mossa & al. 1997).

In the lower parts characteristic elements of *Posonia ferrugineo-Rhamnetalia alaterni* (P75) tend to dominate, while in the areas above 200-300m those of *Quercetalia ilex* Br.-Bl. ex Mol. 1934 ex Rivas-Martínez 1975. The highest areas have a low vegetation made up of the alliance of *Tenerian maui* Camps et Mirasole 1984 and partly meadows of *Perfoliatus-Trifolium subterranei* Rivas-Martínez, Fernández-González et Sánchez-Mata 1986 (Ladieu & al. 1992).

The beds of the torrents are characterised by maquis made up of the alliance of *Rubus-Nerium oleandra* Bolós 1985 and, where the water table is at the surface or along constantly flowing streams, of riparian woods included in the sub-alliance *Hippocrepia-biscutifera* Oberholzer 1975 or the *Nerium oleandri-Salix purpurea* De Bonis et 1991. The formations belonging to the latter alliance tend to dominate in the flat areas where the sediments increase and the streams dry down.

The rocky faces are colonised prevalently by chasmophytic formations belonging to *Phagnolon serratiflori-Charadrioidon nigrareolatus* Loisel. 1970 ex R. Pérez-Camón, Díaz-González, Fernández-Veigas et Salvo 1989, while the rocky areas with a low slope and the poorly evolved soils show a association of the alliances *Micromeris gracilis-Hyparrhenion pedunculata* Bolós 1962 ex and *Tuberaria catenata* Br.-Bl. 1931 (Camacho & al. 1995). Above all the poorer thermophilic meadows belong to the latter alliance.

It should be mentioned finally that the north-eastern slope and parts of the mountain tops, that have been traversed by fire, are covered by a low maquis of *Cistus monspeliensis* L. or partly or prestonally of *Leontideion saxicola* Br.-Bl. (1931) ex Rivas-Martínez 1988.

Flora

The floristic survey was carried out in 1988-1990, with a number of excursions aimed at determining the different seasonal aspects and habitats of the area.

The list of flora was compiled following the systematic order and nomenclature proposed by Pignatti (1987), except in a few cases where it was preferred to adopt those proposed by Arrigoni & al. (1976-91), Ferracini & al. (1986), Greuter & al. (1984-1989), Pichi Serruoli (1977), Tutin & al. (1964-1980), Scazz. De Rivas & Rivas-Martínez (1979) and Scazzini (1990).

For the attribution of Biological forms and subforms we followed the criteria proposed by Braun-Blanquet (1932), Pichi Serruoli (1948) and Bonnier (1931), and checked the terms of the different taxa directly in the field. Besides the biological forms, the individual entities are provided with chorological elements, according to the types reported in

Pignatti (1982), and brief indications on their habitat or site of discovery and their frequency.

Frequency was expressed using a conventional scale abbreviated as follows (ccw = very common, c = common, gc = not very common, r = rare, vr = very rare, n.s. = not specified).

An asterisk (*) indicates entities reported in the literature but not found by us.

Adventitious species were only reported if they represented naturalised entities.

The herbarium samples have been deposited at the Herbarium of the Institute of Botany and Botanical Gardens of the University of Cagliari (CAG).

List of flora

PTERIDOPHYTES

Selaginellaceae

Selaginella dentifoliate (L.) Sprng. - Ch. rept. - Steno-Medit. - Rocky winding cascades, meadows and woods, etc.

Jacquinaceae

Jacquinella borealis Bory. - G. coll. - W. Steno-Medit. - Wet, intermost parts of the river bed up to late springs, etc.

Equisetaceae

Equisetum telmateia Ehrh. - G. coll. - C. cumbr. - Along the Rio Mannocci and near Is Fenuddas, etc.

Osmundaceae

Osmunda regalis L. - G. coll. - Subcunbr. - Edges of the main torrents and alder woods, etc.

Polypodiaceae

Polypodium crobatianum L. subsp. *crabianum* (Sch. ex Arceuth. Ph. Sc. - M. res. - Euro-Medit. - On sunny rocks and tree-trunks, etc.

Sinopteridaceae

Chiantrea cretacea (Schub. ex Led.) H. res. - Steno-Medit. - Iun. - In the crevices of sunny, dry rocks, often found in association with *C. cretacea* (Led.) Anst. (Tod., p.).

Chiantrea sardensis Lowe - H. res. - W.-Medit. - Macarones. - In the crevices of shady, humid rocks, found only along the Sa Recca Lada male track, etc.

Adiantaceae

Adiantum caplaenense L. - G. coll. - Pantrop. - Springs and continually dripping rocks

tendentially associated with *Sorbus vulgaris* L.; pc.

Hemionitidaceae

Anogramma leptophyllum (L.) Link. - T. caesp. - Cosmop. - Subtrop. - Wet rocks and rocky winding ravines; c.

Cheilanthes villosa (Aitoni Toul. - H. ros. - Euro-Medit.-Turan. - Sunny rocks of Sa Canna, Medaia Ficus Morcas, Gutturu Ladragus and Rocca Fornesa; pc.

Hypoleptidaceae

Pteridium aquilinum (L.) Kuhn - G. rhiz. - Cosmop. - Rio de sa Spindula especially in the lower parts and along the Rio Is Fressadust; c.

Asplenaceae

Asplenium onopteris L. - H. ros. - Subtrop. - mesocla. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Asplenium adnigrum Viv. - H. ros. - Stepp-Medit. - Shady cliffs; pc.

Asplenium trichomanes L. subsp. *quadrivalens* D. E. Meyer - H. ros. - Cosmop.-temp. - Dry rocks and more thermophilic maquis; c.

Ceterach officinarum Willd. - H. ros. - Euras. - temp. - Sunny cliffs; pc.

Athyriaceae

✓ *Cyathea dickiana* R. Sim. - H. caesp. - Subcosmop. - Rocky ground and rocky faces of the Mte. Arenu (Camarda & al. 1994) cc.

Aspidiaceae

Deceptris pallida (Bory. de Saint-Vincent) M. P. Perini - G. rhiz. - Euro-Medit. - Shady humid areas, also at edges of roads and under the safety nets for stones placed along the roads; pc.

Deceptris filiformis (L.) Schott - G. rhiz. - Subcosmop. - Confined edges of the Rio Sa Canna; c.

Polytaenion setiferum (Forsk.) T. Moore ex Wignar. - G. rhiz. - Circumbor. - Found only in the C. le de sa Scauon; r.

Cupressaceae

Juniperus oxycedrus L. - P. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Juniperus turbinata Cass. - P. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - In the more thermophilic maquis near Gutturu Ladragus, Nicola Turpasa and Sa Spennas; pc.

MAGNOLIOPHYTES-DICOTYLEDONES

Salicaceae

Salix purpurea L. - P. caesp. - Euras.-temp. - The depositional zones of the torrents, particularly frequent in the lower parts of the Rio Sa Canna; c.

Salix arigonis Brullo - P. caesp. - Endem. - Deep valleys, springs and beds of torrents up to an altitude of 750 m; c.

Betulaceae

Alnus glutinosa (L.) Gaertner - P scap - Palearctrop. - The beds of the torrents of Sa Spindula, Is Firciddus and Marrone de Siliqua; c.

Fagaceae

Quercus ilex L. - P scap - S-Medit. - Oak groves and maquis up to the tips of the Monte Arbus; c.

Quercus suber L. - P scap - W-Medit. - Cork groves, maquis and grazing land with trees, especially in the north-eastern slope; c.

Ulmaceae

Celtis pyramidalis L. - P scap - Eur-Medit. - Rocky areas in the C. de Bacu Perdosu, C. de Sa Sagraia and along the Rio Sa Cinnia; pc.

Moraceae

Ficus carica L. var. *caprificata* Risso - P scap - Medit. - Turan. - Beds of the torrents; c.

Urticaceae

Urtica atrorubens Req. - H scap - Endem. - Sheepfolds and ruderal areas of Is Firciddus and Dispensa Antonietti; c.

Urtica urens L. - T scap - Subcosmop. - Ruderal areas; pc.

Urtica amblyomeris Poirat - T scap - S-Medit. - Sheepfolds, ruderal areas and edges of roads; c.

Urtica pinnatifida L. - T scap - S-Medit. - Edges of footpaths and ruderal areas at low altitudes; c.

Panicum diffusa M. et K. - H scap - Eur-Medit.-Macarones. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads and sheepfolds; c.

Pteridium aquilinum L. - T fern - S-Medit. - Humid rocks and walls; pc.

Santalaceae

Olexa alba L. - NP - Eur-Medit. - Stony ground, maquis and woods; c.

Aristolochiaceae

Aristolochia crotchiensis Nardi et Arignani - G rad - Endem. - Found only in the C. de Sa Scayoni; n.

Aristolochia renardi L. subsp. *madurei* (Nardi et Arignani) Gamisans - C rhiz - Endem. - Among rocks near Sa Spindula and Is Firciddus; c.

Rafflesiaceae

Cytinus hypocistis (L.) L. - G rad - Medit.-Macarones. - A parasite at the base of rockroses, especially on *Cistus monspeliensis* L.; c.

Cytisus laber (Four.) Komarov - Glad - W-Medit. - A parasite on *Citrus* sp.; pc.

Cactaceae

Opuntia Inuv-indica (L.) Miller - P. succ. - Neotrop. - Rocky faces and areas, especially near Ficus Morwae; pc.

Polygonaceae

Polygonum segetarium Req. - Ch. suff. - Endem. - Depositional areas temporarily flooded by the Rio Sa Canna; r.

Polygonum aviculare L. - T. rept. - Cosmop. - Edges of roads and meadowland; c.

Rumex acetosa L. - H. scap. - Subcosmop. - Stony ground and dry sandy areas; pc.

Rumex crispus Desf. - H. scap. - W. Medit. - Depositional areas of torrents, meadowland and glades; c.

Rumex acetosella L. - H. scap. - Europ.-Caucas. - Meadowland and glades; c.

Rumex patula L. subsp. *divaricata* (L.) Muhl. - H. scap. - Eur.-Medit. - Sheepfolds, ruderal areas and edges of roads; c.

Rumex crispus L. - H. scap. - Subcosmop. - Wasteland and edges of roads; pc.

Rumex bulbosus L. - T. scap. - Medit.-Macarones. - Depositional areas of torrents, meadowland and garigue; pc.

Chenopodiaceae

Beta vulgaris L. - H. scap. - Eur.-Medit. - Edges of roads and meadowland; c.

Chenopodium ambrosioides L. - T. scap. - Cosmop. - Ruderal areas; r.

Chenopodium murale L. - T. scap. - Subcosmop. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads and wasteland; c.

Chenopodium album L. - T. scap. - Subcosmop. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds and wasteland; c.

Portulacaceae

Portulaca oleraceae L. - T. scap. - Subcosmop. - Edges of roads and wasteland; c.

Mertens fontana L. subsp. *chondropoma* (Fenzl) Walters - T. scap. - Medit.-Mont. Subarct. - Springs; c.

Caryophyllaceae

Arenaria balearica L. - Ch. suff. - Endem. - Shady, wet cliffs; pc.

Arenaria serpyllifolia L. - T. scap. - Subcosmop. - Edges of footpaths and meadowland; c.

Moschardia pennata Gay - T. scap. - Eur.-Medit. - Majus and wood glades; pc.

Silene media (L.) Vit. - T. rept. - Cosmop. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Cerastium glomeratum Thunb. - T. scap. - Eur.-Medit. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.

Moschardia erecta (L.) Gaertn., Meyer et Scherb. - T. scap. - Submedit.-Subarct. - Wet meadowland; c.

Silene acaulis Ait. - T. scap. - Eur.-Medit. - Meadowland; c.

- Corticolola telephifolia* Paurol. - H ros. - W-Medit. - Depositional areas of torrents; c.
- Paronychia echinulata* Clader. - T scap. - Siero-Medit. - Depositional areas of torrents; c.
- Hieracium verticillatum* L. - T scap. - Sahar. - Mudily wet areas; pc.
- Polycarpon tetraphyllum* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Dry meadow and c.
- Spergula arvensis* L. - T scap. - Subcosmop. - Radial areas, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Spergularia ovata* (L.) Presl. - T scap. Subcosmop. - Temp. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Silene ludica* (L.) Pers. - H ros. - Euro-Medit. - Edges of ilex groves; c.
- Silene nodulosa* Vis. - H ros. - Endem. - On the rocky faces of Sin Serroni and on the tops of Mte Arcosu; r.
- Silene vulgaris* Moench Garcke. - H scap. - Subcosmop. - Meadowland; c.
- Silene lutea* (Antoni) Gordon. - T scap. - SW-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and ephemeral pools; pc.
- Silene gallica* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and pastures; c.
- Petrochasia saxifraga* (L.) Link. subsp. *gasparronii* (Guss.) Pign. - H caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas and dry meadows of Mte Arcosu; pc.
- Petrochasia proflera* (L.) P. W. Ball et Heywood. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas, edges of footpaths, phedra maquis; c.
- Dianthus draba* C. Presl. - H scap. - Endem. - Rocks and rocky faces; pc.

Ranunculaceae

- Aconitum dasycarpum* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.
- Delphinium phloxum* Winkl. - F scap. - Endem. - In its frondities at the edges of the road and on the shore of the Rio S. Spindula; pc.
- Artemisia hercynica* L. - C bulb. - N-Medit. - Meadowland and glades; c.
- Clematis flammula* L. - P. lani. - Euro-Medit. - The more thermophilic maquis of the area of Sin Perdaxiu and Azimela Bagni; pc.
- Clematis circea* L. - P. lani. - Europ.-Caucas. - Ilex groves and very humid canals; r.
- Clematis circea* L. - P. lani. - Siero-Medit. - Tercer. - Maquis and ilex grove; c.
- Ranunculus bulbosus* L. subsp. *phaeo* (Willd.) Roid. et Font. - H scap. - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and glades; c.
- Ranunculus macranthus* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Shores of torrents and humid meadowland; c.
- Ranunculus flabellatus* Desf. - H scap. - Siero-Medit. - Tercer. - Meadowland; pc.
- Ranunculus ficaria* L. - H scap. - Eurasiat. - Edges of footpaths and meadowland; c.
- Ranunculus bulbosus* L. - H ros. - Siero-Medit. - Glades and meadowland; pc.
- Ranunculus apollinoglossatus* Vill. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Edges of streams and swampy areas; c.
- Ranunculus aquatilis* L. - F. rad. - Subcosmop. - Slow waters of torrents; c.

Cistiferae

- Hypochaeris hircana* L. - NP - Endem. - Beds of torrents, wet areas and springs; c.
- Hypochaeris aurea* Ten. - H scap. - W-Siero-Medit. - Shores of torrents; pc.
- Hypochaeris tetragyna* (L.) Fric. - H scap. - Paleomip. - Swampy ground at edges of torrents; pc.
- Hypochaeris perforata* L. - H scap. - Subcosmop. - Edges of roads and wasteland at low altitudes; c.

Papaveraceae

Papaver setigerum DC. - P scap - W-Medit. - Ruderal areas characterized by the presence of man, edges of roads and meadowland; c.

Papaver rhoeas L. - T scap - E-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Papaver dubium L. - T scap - E-Medit. -Tunisi. - Depositional areas of torrents and dry meadowland; c.

Promeris capreolata L. - T scap - Euri-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Promeris officinalis L. - T scap-Subcosmop. -Ruderal areas, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Cruiferae

Sisymbrium officinale (L.) Scop. - T scap - Subcosmop. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.

Arabis thaliana (L.) Heynh. - T scap - Cosmop. - Edges of roads, depositional areas and rocky land; c.

Rucina cotinifera L. - T scap - Euri-Medit. - Edges of roads, depositional areas, meadowland and wasteland; pc.

Matricaria inodora (Desf.) Thell. - T scap - W-Medit. - Depositional areas of torrents; pc.

Barbarea capitata Moench - Ch. suffr. - Endem. - Granite rocks of Sa. Scaroni and at Punta Pala Niedda; r.

Nasturtium officinale R.Br. - H scap - Cosmop. - Edges of torrents and swampy areas; c.

Cardamine hirsuta L. - T scap - Cosmop. - Edges of roads, depositional areas of torrents and meadowland; c.

Arabis creta (L.) R. Br. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Rocks, stony ground and shores of torrents; pc.

Fraxinella creta (L.) Chevall. - T scap - Circumbor. - Rocky areas, depositional areas of torrents and dry meadowland; c.

Capsella bursa-pastoris (L.) Medicus - H bienn. - Cosmop. - Meadowland; r.

Capsella rubella Reuter - T scap - Euri-Medit. - Meadowland and glades; c.

Hemibryonia nemoros (L.) Rehb. - T scap - Euri-Medit. - Depositional areas and meadowland; c.

Troxelium cantanapollia (Bergeret) Thell. - T scap - Euri-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Biscutella dulcis L. - T scap - S-Medit.-Tunisi. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Sinapis arvensis L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. -Ruderal areas, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Raphanus raphanistrum L. - T scap - Euri-Medit. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds and wasteland; pc.

Resedaceae

Reseda luteola L. - H scap - Circumbor. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; pc.

Reseda alba L. - H scap - Steno-Medit. - Only two plants found at the edge of the road near Medau Nimi Arvut; r.

Crassulaceae

- Orbitolium rupestre* (Sailsb.) Dandý - G rhiz - Medit.-Atl. - Walls and rocks; c.
Orbitolium hori-ontaria (Guss.) DC. - G bulb - Steno-Medit. - Walls and rocks; c.
Sedum album L. - Cl succ - Euro-Medit. - Sunny rocks; pc.
Sedum dasycarpum L. - Cl succ - Euro-Medit. - Sunny rocks - often associated with *Cosentinia vellea* (Aitoni Tod. and *Chilodactylus intricatella* (Balbis) Tod.; c.
Sedum andegavense (DC.) Desv. - T scap - W. Medit. - Found only above Paderia and on M.te Arcosu; r.
Sedum scaberrimum L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Sunny rocks; c.
Sedum rupestre L. - T scap - SW-Medit. - Sunny rocks; cc.

Saxifragaceae

- Saxifraga corsica* (Duby) G. et G. - H scap - Endem. - Corsi, shady rocks above 150 m altitude; c.

Rosaceae

- Rubus alpinus* Schott - NP - Euro-Medit. - Humid places, beds of torrents and springs; cc.
Rosa canina L. sensu Bouleng. - NP - Paleotemp. - Beds of Rio Is Trocaddus and Marceddi Silqua; pc.
Sanguisorba minor Scrp. subsp. *maritima* (Guss.) Briq. - H scap - Subcosmosp. - Dry meadowland and garigue; pc.
Foenicula vipers L. - H ros - Subcosmosp. - Humid places, streams and especially riparian woods; pc.
Aphanoxanthus L. - T scap - Subcosmosp. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads and wasteland; pc.
Paeonia officinalis Vahl - P caesp - Steno-Medit. - One specimen was found at the edge of the road under Schina su Durrumia and one near Trunzu; cl; r.
Paeonia officinalis L. - P caesp - Euro-Caucas. - Rocky areas near P.ta Ignazio Ortu and P.ta Perdu Catta; r.

Leguminosae

- Cytisus alpinus* L. - P caesp - S-Medit. - Shores of torrents and maquis up to 300-400 m altitude; cc.
Ononis spinosa L. - P caesp - S-Medit. - Found only in Conca Petuntia; r.
Cytisus alpinus (L.) Desf. - P caesp - Steno-Medit. - Degraded maquis, especially near Serra Narzoni; pc.
Cytisus alpinus (L.) Desf. - NP - Endem. - Found at S'Arre - C'Arre, Perdu Meis and on M.te Arcosu; pc.
Cytisus alpinus Colla - NP - Endem. - Only in maquis near Guardia Sa Petru, Azienda Baggia and Camp'e lusa; r.
Cytisus alpinus (DC.) - NP - Endem. - Rocky areas of the north western slope of Monte Arcosu; r.
Lupinus angustifolius L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Glades and meadowland; c.
Lupinus micranthus Guss. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

- Bracteantha peltata* L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland, garrique and maquis; c.
- Bignoniacea montana* (Pign. et Matilesc.) Griseb. - Ch. frut. - Endem. - Rocky faces of Selima-Ladragus, C.le Sabonai Mann. - Sa Dragu, Is Sperlimes, C.le di Sa Canna and above Padlerna; pc.
- Vicia villosa* Roth subsp. *varpa* (Horn) Corb. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, ruderal areas and meadowland; c.
- Vicia atropurpurea* Desf. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; pc.
- Vicia chalcocoma* DC. - T scap - W-Medit. - Depositional areas of torrents and garrique; c.
- Vicia sativa* L. - T scap - Subcos-mop. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Vicia sativa* L. subsp. *angustifolia* (Crab.) Gaudin. - T scap - Subcos-mop. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Vicia lathyracea* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Vicia lata* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Depositional sands, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Vicia lata* L. subsp. *castia* (Buss.) Rony. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and poorly evolved maquis; pc.
- Vicia lathyracea* (L.) L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Lathyrus sphaerocarpus* Retz. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Lathyrus nevadensis* L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Marginal areas, garrique and open maquis; c.
- Lathyrus velutinus* (L.) DC. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.
- Pisum sativum* L. subsp. *elatius* (Bieb.) Asch. & Gr. - T scap - Steno-Medit.-Turani. - Areas characterised by the presence of man, sheepfolds and waste land; pc.
- Oxytropis recta* L. - T scap - S-Medit.-Turani. - Depositional areas, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Medicago orbiculata* (L.) Bartal. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Medicago riviniana* (L.) Ail. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Medicago unguiculata* Gaerq. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Medicago arabica* (L.) Hudson. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Medicago praecox* DC. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; c.
- Trifolium nigrescens* Vav. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Trifolium glomeratum* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Stony ground, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Trifolium suffocatum* L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Stony ground, meadowland and garrique; pc.
- Trifolium pratense* L. - T rept. - W-Paleomop. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Trifolium compestre* Schreb. - T scap - W-Paleomop. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; c.

- Trifolium arvense* L. - T scap - W-Paleotemp. - Edges of roads and meadowland; c.
- Trifolium boreo-eurasi-basi* - T scap - Siero-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and maquis; pc.
- Trifolium scabrum* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland; pc.
- Trifolium vesiculosum* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Trifolium vernalis* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; c.
- Trifolium angustifolium* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland, garrique and degraded maquis; c.
- Trifolium subterraneum* L. - T rest - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Dorycnium hispidum* (L.) Ser. - Cf suffr - Euro-Medit. - Garrigue and glades in the maquis; c.
- Dorycnium rectum* (L.) Ser. - Cf suffr - Siero-Medit. - Edges of streams and banks of *Alnus glutinosa* (L.) Gaertner, frequent near Medau Capriana; pc.
- Lotus uliginosus* (L.) - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and garrique; pc.
- Lotus caduri* c. - T scap - Siero-Medit. - Cultivated areas, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Lotus complanatus* (Boiss.) - T scap - W-Siero-Medit. - Found only on Mt le Arcaou in meadowland or *Poa bulbosa* L.; c.
- Lotus ornithopusoides* L. - T scap - Siero-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Tetragonolobus maritimus* (L.) Roth - H scap - Medit-Pontico - At the edge of an alder wood; c.
- Ornithopus compressus* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, dry meadowland and garrique; c.
- Ornithopus pinnatus* (Miller) Desv. - T scap - Medit-Ad. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.
- Scorpiurus muricatus* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Stony ground, garrique and degraded maquis; c.

Oxalidaceae

- Oxalis pes-caprae* L. - Cf bulb - Sudat. - Marginal areas characterized by the presence of moss; c.

Geraniaceae

- Geranium boecklerianum* Lam. - T scap - Centro-Medit. - Cool, humid woods above 600 m altitude; pc.
- Geranium rotundifolium* L. - T scap - Paleotemp. - Ruderal areas and edges of roads; c.
- Geranium molle* L. - T scap - Subco-trop. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Geranium dissectum* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Glades and meadowland; pc.
- Geranium lucidum* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Shady walls and cliffs; c.
- Geranium robertianum* L. - T scap - Subco-trop. - Maquis and glades in woods; c.
- Geranium purpureum* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Garrigue, glades and maquis; c.
- Erodium cicutarium* (L.) L. Hér. - H Niern - Euro-Medit-Pontico - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.

Erodium moschatum (L.) L'Her. - T scap - Subcosmop. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Erodium cicutarium (L.) J.Hec. - H ros - Subcosmop. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Linaceae

Linum bienn. Miller - H bienn - Euro-Medit.-Subatl. - Meadowland, garrigue, maquis and glades; c.

Linum trigynum L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and degraded maquis; c.

Linum catharticum L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland and garrigue; c.

Euphorbiaceae

Mercatella erosa L. - T scap - Palearctop. - Synanthropic areas, edges of roads and near sheepfolds; c.

Mercatella corsica Casson - Ch salif - Endem. - Rocky areas of the Rio Su Capra and stony ground in the C'le di Su Scavone; r.

Euphorbia dentata L. - NP - Steno-Medit.-Macarones. - Rocky areas, stony ground and degraded maquis up to 550 m altitude; c.

Euphorbia pterocarpa Brot. - T scap - W-Medit. - Macarones. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; r.

Euphorbia corollata L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas, meadowland, garrigue and glades in the maquis; c.

Euphorbia peplus L. - T scap - Cosmop. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.

Euphorbia cyparissia Guss. ex Bertol. - Ch salif - Endem. - Wasteland on the western slope of M.te Arense and near S.ta Lucia; r.

Euphorbia nemesiana L. - H scap - Steno-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Euphorbia amygdaloides L. subsp. *albescens* Mense' - Ch salif - Centro-Europ.-Caucas. - In riparian woods of the Rio su Cuguzzulu and S'Assina e Sa Canna; r.

Euphorbia corupifolia N. y. - H bienn - Endem. - Beds of torrents, springs and humid zones above 700 m altitude; r.

Euphorbia hormensis ? - NP - Steno-Medit. - Marginal areas, garrigue and open maquis; c.

Rutaceae

Ruta choleperata L. - Ch salif - S-Medit. - Ruderal areas or areas characterised by the presence of man especially near S.ta Lucia and C'irceddu, garrigue and degraded maquis; pc.

Anacardiaceae

Pistacia lentiscus L. - P euasp - Steno-Medit. - Garrigue, maquis and woods up to 800 m altitude; cc.

Rhamnaceae

Rhamnus alaternus L. - P euasp - Steno-Medit. - Beds of torrents and minor thermophilic

maquis up to 330 m altitude; pc.

Vitaceae

Vitis cinerea L. subsp. *silvestris* (Carnelin) Heyl + P. Jan. - Along streams and near springs above 250 m altitude; pc.

Malvaceae

Molue sylvestris L. - H. scap. - Subcraesp. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Lavatera cretica L. - T. scap. - Steno-Medit. - At Sa Canra and on the edge of the road near the Gama sheepfold; pc.

Lavatera alba L. - P. caesp. - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads and rocky areas; c.

Thymelaeaceae

Daphne genkwa L. - P. caesp. - Steno-Medit. - Macarones. - Garrigue and degraded maquis; pc.

Violaceae

* *Viola cretica* Nyman subsp. *gabarae* Merxm. et Lappert - H. scap. - Endem. - Found by Marrelli (29 Mar 1988, [1]) and never confirmed since (in Corras 1984); n.v.

Cistaceae

Cistus incanus L. - NP - Steno-Medit. - Garrigue, maquis and gades in woods; c.

Cistus monspeliensis L. - NP-Steno-Medit. - Macarones. - Garrigue and degraded maquis; cc.

Cistus salvifolius L. - NP - Steno-Medit. - Garrigue and maquis; c.

Tuberaria guttata (L.) Fourr. - T. scap. - Euri-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and depositional sands of torrents; c.

Tamaricaceae

Tamarix gallica L. - P. caesp. - W. Medit. - In the maquis of *Artemisia tridentata* L. of the lower parts of the Rio Maroccini Siliqua; pc.

Cucurbitaceae

Bryonia cretica Pept. - G. Her. - Endem. - Edges of roads and maquis, especially near Medao Njini Arzu and Sa Canra; pc.

Lythraceae

Lochnera heterota Banks et Sol. - H. scap. - Steno-Medit. - Macarones. - Wet zones and pools along the Rio Is Enciddus; pc.

Leibnizia heterophylla L. - T. scap. - Subcraesp. - Wet zones and flood areas of torrents; pc.

Myrtaceae

Myrtus communis L. - P. caesp. - Steno-Medit. - Canals and torrents, especially along the Rio Sa Canna; pc.

Eucalyptus camaldulensis Dehrl. - P. - scap. - Australia - In reforestation areas, near sheepfolds and in areas characterised by the presence of man; c.

Onagraceae

Epilobium luculentum L. - H. scap. - Subcosmop. - Lower parts of the Rio Sa Spindula; pc.

Epilobium lanceolatum Sch. et Maur. - H. scap. - W-Europ. - Wet rocks, springs and streams; c.

Epilobium tetragynum L. - H. scap. - Palearct. p. - Wet rocks, springs and streams; pc.

Haloragaceae

Myuroclonus epicrurus L. - T. rad. - Subcosmop. - Slow flowing waters of the Rio Is Freddidu; r.

Thurberaceae

Thurberga cynosuroides L. - T. scap. - Steno-Medit. - Ruderal areas, meadowland, garrigue and maquis; c.

Araliaceae

Hedera helix L. - P. lig. - Steno-Medit. Subatl. - Springs, streams, and cool, humid woods; pc.

Umbelliferae

Saxifraga aizoides L. - H. bienn. - Medit.-Atl. - Ruderal areas and areas characterised by the presence of man, wasteland and humid meadowland; pc.

Saxifraga rotundifolia Miller - H. bienn. - S. Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland; pc.

Ranunc. caraduanus DC. - G. bulb. - W-Medit. Orsk. - Mountain ridge areas of Mte Arcosu, above 850 m altitude; r.

Saxif. borzoi Guss. subsp. *praecox* Gamisans - H. scap. - Endem. - Near Sa Scurioni on a schistose face facing east; n.

Oenanthe pimpinelloides L. - H. scap. - Medit. - Atl. - Along streams, especially in a wood of *Abies glutinosa* (L.) Gartner; c.

Oenanthe crassata L. - H. scap. - Subatl. - Very humid areas, springs and streams; pc.

Foranatum vulgare L. subsp. *piperitum* Ucria et Contino - T. scap. - S. Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Magdalenia pumila (L.) Lam. et Paul. - H. scap. - W-Steno-Medit. - Only one population was found near Dispensa Antonicetti; pc.

Aquileg. nortii (L.) Lag. - T. rad. - Euro-Medit. - Muddy soils, springs and streams; pc.

Anthrakiss. pusillo (Brot.) Breistr. - T. scap. - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and gables; pc.

Ferula communis L. - H. scap. - S-Medit. - Marginal areas, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Trachypogon apertus L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Sandy areas of torrents, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Thymus gargaricus L. - E scap - S-Medit. - Dry meadowland and garrigue; c.

Yucca nodosa (L.) Gaertner - T scap - Euro-Medit.-Iuran. - Radial areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Yucca nevadensis (Hobson) Link. subsp. *purpurea* (Ten.) Hayek - T scap - Subcrusrop. - Edges of footpaths, meadowland, garrigue and degraded maquis; c.

Orbita kochii Herw. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Waste and arid meadowland; pc.

Delonix cataph L. - H bienn. - Subcrusrop. - Recreol areas, edges of roads and meadowland; c.

Eriacaceae

Eria palmifolia Salisb. - P caesp - W-Medit. - Edges of the Rio Is Trocadifas, and the Rio de Sa Spindakatal near the Rio Sa Cunnat; c.

Eria arborea L. - P caesp - Steno-Medit. - Garrigue, maquis and woods; cc.

Arbutus uncea L. - P - Steno-Medit. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Primulaceae

Cyclamen repandum S. et S. - G bulb - N-Medit. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Asteriscion linnæi-stellatus (L.) Gray - T scap - Steno-Medit. rocks, Meadowland and garrigue; c.

Anagallis arvensis L. - T rept - Euro-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Anagallis nariflora Holmgg. et Link. - T rept - Steno-Medit.-Occ. - Humid wasteland and meadowland; pc.

Saxifraga nivalis L. - H scap - Subcrusrop. - Wet zones and springs, often associated with *Adiantum capillus-veneris* L.; c.

Plantaginaceae

Artemisa salutaris Aragon. - Ch suff - Endem. - Cool, shady rocks of Vile Anosa and near Sa Sencou; c.

Oleaceae

Olea europaea L. var. *oleaster* Brot. - P scap - Steno-Medit. - In the more thermophilic maquis, majestic specimens along the Rio sa Cunnat; c.

Philirea neopaphia L. - P caesp - W-Steno-Medit. - The more thermophilic garrigue and maquis; c.

Philirea latifolia L. - P scap - Steno-Medit. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Gentianaceae

Belamcanda perfoliata (L.) Hudson - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Humid, cool meadowland; c.

Cedonion cuthbertii Rafn. varsp. *maquis* (Holmgg. et Link) Melderis - T scap - P cruscrop. - Edges of footpaths, glades and degraded maquis; c.

Cedonion viscaria (L.) Fritsch. - T scap - W-Steno-Medit. - Meadow and, garrigue

and glades of the more thermophilic maquis; r.

Apocynaceae

Veronica atropurpurea L. - P. caesp. - S-Medit. - Beds of torrents; cc.

Asclepiadaceae

Vincetoxicum hircanum Medicus subsp. *contiguum* (Koch) Markgraf - H. scap. - Eurasia. - Beds of torrents, especially along the Rio Sa Spudela; pc.

Rubiaceae

Sterandria arvensis L. - T. scap. - Subcosmop. - Edges of meads, wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; cc.

Asperula faciegata L. - H. scap. - W-Centro-Medit. - Found only on Mte. Arcosu at the edges of the maquis; r.

Galium asabrum L. - H. scap. - W-Medit. Mont. - Meadows and woods; c.

Galium aparine L. - T. scap. - Eurasian. - Wasteland and hedges; c.

Galium vermicosum Hudson - T. scap. - Steno-Medit. - In depositional areas of the Rio Sa Canna and in thermophyte meadowland; pc.

Galium pumilum L. - T. scap. - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garigue and thermophilic maquis; c.

Galium diorchis Lam. - T. scap. - Steno-Medit. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.

Galium aparine (L.) Ait. - T. scap. - Steno-Medit. - Walls and rocky areas; pc.

Rubia praegrina L. - P. lian. - Steno-Medit. - Macarones. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Convolvulaceae

Convolvulus meilis L. - T. scap. - S-Medit. - Found only under a few specimens of *Juniperus caribaea* Cass. at Gutturu Indragus; r.

Convolvulus peregrinus L. - C. rhiz. - Cosmop. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; pc.

Convolvulus altheoides L. - H. scand. - W-Sieno-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Boraginaceae

Heliotropium carolinense L. - T. scap. - Euro-Medit. - Eurasia. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads and waste land; c.

Akkania tinctoria (L.) Lam. h. - H. scap. - Steno-Medit. - Edges of meads and wasteland; r.

Echium italicum L. - H. bienn. - Euro-Medit. - Mayoral and ruderal areas, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Echium plantaginifolium L. - H. bienn. - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads and wasteland; c.

Echium creticum L. - H. bienn. - W-Sieno-Medit. - Rocky areas and granitic rubble; pc.

Anchusa italica Retz. - H. scap. - Euro-Medit. - In the C. de Sa Scavoni at about 700 m altitude; r.

Borago officinalis L. - T. scap. - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and

meadowland: c.

* *Horago pugnata* (DC.) Claret et Grenier - T scap - Endem. - Humid undergrowth, gorges and springs (sine coll. et sine det. in Valacchi 1979), n.s.

Myosotis arvensis (L.) Hill - T scap - Europ.-W.-Asiat. - Wasteland, meadowland and edges of fens/paludic: c.

Myosotis ramosissima Rochet et Schultes - T scap - Europ.-W.-Asiat. - Grasslands and garrigue of Mt. Arcosier: r.

Myosotis discolor Pers. - T scap - Medit.-Atl. - at the base of the faces of Sa Sperrinas on granitic rubble: r.

Cynoglossum creticum Miller - H herb - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland: c.

Callitricaceae

Callitriche stagnalis Scop. - T rad - Eurasian - Stagnant or slow flowing waters: pc.

Labiatae

Teucrium nassidense L. - Ch suffr. - W.-Steno-Medit. - Shores of torrents, pebbly areas and areas of granite rubble: pc.

Teucrium chamaedrys L. - Ch suffr. - Euro-Medit. - Garrigue and glades of the maquis: pc.

Teucrium marum L. - Ch suffr. - Subendem. - Marginal areas and rocky areas: c.

Erantaria scapis L. - Ch frut. - Steno-Medit. - Carrigue and thermophilic maquis: pc.

Monarda vulgaris L. - H scap - Subendem. - Ruderal areas and edges of roads: pc.

Sideritis romana L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and thermophilic maquis: r.

Leucyon bifidum Cyr. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Glades of the more humid woods: r.

Leucyon confusum L. - T scap - Paleotemp. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds, wasteland and meadowland: c.

Stachys glauca L. - Ch frut. - Endem. - Garrigue and rocky areas: r.

Stachys carnea Pers. - H rept. - Endem. - Humid rocks in the C. le di Sa Scacone: pc.

Stachys cretica (L.) J. - T scap - Subendem. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrigue: c.

Monomeria pascua (L.) Benthani subsp. *longistylis* (Ten.) Nyman - Ch suffr. - Steno-Medit. - Rocky areas and stony ground: c.

Clinopostema vulgata L. subsp. *arabumum* (Boiss.) Nyman - H scap - Circumbor. - Edges of riparian woods: r.

Leucophaea cypria L. - T rad - Circumbor. - Edges of the R. le di Sa Scacone: c.

Mentha requienii Benthani - H rept. - Endem. - Along the R. le di Sa Scacone: r.

Mentha pulgiana L. - H scap - Subendem. - Wet zones and edges of torrents: pc.

Mentha incana Req. ex Gren. et Godr. - H scap - Endem. - Humid areas, springs and sides of torrents: c.

Rosmarinus officinalis L. - NP - Steno-Medit. - In the C. le di Sa Scacone: r.

Leucanthea tinctoria L. - NP-Steno-Medit.-Marginal areas, garrigue, degraded maquis: r.

Salvia verbenacea L. - H scap - Medit. Atl. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland: pc.

Solanaceae

Solanum nigra L. - T scap - Cosmop. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds and wasteland: pc.

Solanum latum Miller - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Only one specimen was found in pebbly depositional areas in the bed of the Rio Sa Carraia;

Scrophulariaceae

Verbascum thapsus L. - H bienn - Europ.-Caucas. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads and wasteland; pc.

Verbascum cnicifolium Moench - H bienn - Endem. - Sunny rocks of the eastern slope of Mte Argente; pc.

Verbascum virgatum L. - H bienn - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads and wasteland; c.

Verbascum phloxanthum Vill. - H bienn - Centro-S-Europ. - Found in the C.le di Su Scavoni and along the road at Is Focculius; pc.

Scrophularia peregrina L. - T scap - Mono-Medit. - Cold places especially along the snow ground in Su Scavoni; pc.

Scrophularia trifolium L. - H scap - Endem. - In the C.le di Su Scavoni; pc.

Misopates cuneata (L.) Rafin. - T scap - Paleotemp. - Dry meadowland and rocky areas; c.

Lamium petroselinum (L.) Miller - T scap - Medit. - All. - Edges of muddy tracks, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Lamium triphyllum (L.) Miller - T scap - W-Medit. - Marginal areas and areas characterised by the presence of man, meadowland; c.

Cymbalaria argenteoalba (Vis.) Cheval. - Ch. rept. - Subendem. - shady, humid rocks, springs; pc.

Dignatya purpurea L. - H scap - W-Euro-Medit. - Glades and edges of rattle-tracks above 1200 m altitude, especially near Is Focculius; p.

Veronica saxatilis L. - T scap - Subcosmop. - Marginal areas or areas characterised by the presence of man, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Veronica combatoria Buxand. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Walls and rocky areas; pc.

Veronica angustifolia aquatica L. - H scap - Cosmop. - Slow flowing waters and periodically flooded areas, very common near the Sa Carraia spring; c.

Veronica heterophylla L. - H rept. - Euro-Su. - Slow flowing waters and swampy areas; c.

Colobryne latum (L.) Clarr. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas, meadowland and garrigue; pc.

Potentilla elbaensis (L.) C.anel. - T scap - Medit.-Atl. - Meadowland, garrigue and edges of the maquis; c.

Potentilla elba leptophylla (L.) C.anel. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Bedfordia ovata (L.) All. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadow and garrigue; c.

Orobanchaceae

Orobancha ramosa L. subsp. *ramosa* (Reuter) Costantini - T par - Paleotemp. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.

Orobancha leucophylla (L.) Rehb. - T par - W-Medit. - Macarones. - Found only on Mte Argente; c.

Orobancha coccinea Frieskal - T par - Euro-Medit. - Euro. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.

Orobancha schubertii Muhl. - T par - S-Medit. - Edges of roads and rattle-tracks; c.

Orobancha minor Sm. - T par - Subcosmop. - Parasite on *Bituminaria nariiflora* (Pign.)

Metlesiesi (Crete); pc.

Orobancha lutea Bauring. = T par. = Centro-S-Europ. = Edge of road near Stazzat Aroni; r.

Orobancha rigens Loisel. = T par. = Iberica. = Parasite on *Geranium romanum* (Loisel.) DC.
near *Araucaria* *Araucaria* and on *Male Arcaea*; r.

Plantaginaceae

Plantago major L. = H ros. = Subcosmop. = At the edges of riparian woods; r.

Plantago coronopus L. = T scap. = Euro-Medit. = Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Plantago lagopus L. = T scap. = Steno-Medit. = Wasteland, meadowland and garigue; c.

Plantago hybrid All. = T scap. = S-Medit. = Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Caprifoliaceae

Viburnum tana L. = P caesp. = Steno-Medit. = Evolved meadows and woods; pc.

Viburnum tana Apom. = P lign. = Steno-Medit. = Meadows and woods; c.

Valerianaceae

Valerianella microcarpa Loisel. = T scap. = Steno-Medit. = Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garigue; pc.

Valerianella cuneata Loisel. = T scap. = Euro-Medit. = Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Centranthus cuneatus (L.) DC. = T scap. = Steno-Medit. = Depositional areas of forests, meadowland and garigue; c.

Dipsacaceae

Dipsacus bery Loisel. = H bierr. = W-Steno-Medit. = Found only on the tops of *V. leucos*; r.

Scutellaria monticola L. = H bierr. = Steno-Medit. = Edges of roads and wasteland; pc.

Campanulaceae

Leontodon tomentosus (Ten.) Fisch. = T scap. = Steno-Medit. = Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.

Campanula cretica L. = T scap. = Steno-Medit. = Rocky meadow and dry meadowland; c.

Isotria medeoloides L. = H bierr. = Europ-Caucas. = Sandy or pebbly areas and dry parts of shores; pc.

Compositae

Erigeron annuus L. = H scap. = Palaeotrop. = Springs, steams and riparian woods; pc.

Conyza bonariensis (L.) Cronq. = T scap. = America tropic. = Edges of roads and synanthropic areas; c.

Bellis annua L. = T scap. = Steno-Medit. = Macarones. = Radial areas, edges of roads and

- meadowland; c.
- Bellis perennis* L. - H. rus - Circumbor. - Ruderal areas, sheepfolds, edges of parks and meadowland; c.
- Bellis spicata* Cyt. - H. ros - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and glades; c.
- Bolbitis bi-Bolbitides* L. - H. rus - Endem. - Cool, wet rocks, springs; c.
- Briza pygmaea* (L.) Bruct. - T. rept - Steno-Medit. - Tachophytic meadowland and edges of footpaths on the tops of Mte. Arso; r.
- Calago. arvensis* Guss. - T. scap - Steno-Medit.-CE - Edges of roads, meadowland, garrigue and glades; pc.
- Oxygla gallica* (L.) C. Urtak et Holub. - T. scap - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and garrigue; c.
- Phagnalon vulgare* H. & Cass. - Ch. suffr. - W.-Medit. - Rocky areas; c.
- Helictes erio-montebalanensis* Schrad. - Ch. suffr. - Endem. - Tops of Mte. Arso; r.
- Helictes erio-montebalanensis* (Roth) Don subsp. *macrophyllum* (Willd.) Nyman - Ch. suffr. - W.-Medit.-Nesicola - Rocky areas, depositional areas of torrents, garrigue and degraded maquis; c.
- Isola vercosa* (L.) Aym. - H. scap - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Palustris odora* (L.) Rehb. - H. scap - Euro-Medit. - Glades, maquis, dex and cork groves; c.
- Palustris spinosa* (L.) Cass. - H. bienn. - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas and edges of roads; r.
- Anthemis arvensis* L. subsp. *carthagenensis* Briq. et Cav. (L.) - T. scap - Subcosmop. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; c.
- Achillea ageratum* L. - H. scap - W.-Steno-Medit. - Wet meadowland; c.
- Achillea linariifolia* All. - H. scap - W.-Steno-Medit. - Dry, sunny slopes; pc.
- Chrysanthemum coccineum* L. - T. scap - Steno-Medit. - Areas characterised by the presence of man, edges of roads and wasteland; pc.
- Arenaria arborescens* L. - NP - S. Medit. - Edges of roads; pc.
- Senecio feta anthemifolia* Poir. - T. scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland and garrigue; c.
- Senecio vulgaris* L. - T. scap - Cosmop. - Ruderal areas and areas characterised by the presence of man, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Senecio brevis* L. - T. scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and glades in the mountains; pc.
- Valeriana argentea* L. - T. scap - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, sheepfolds and meadowland; c.
- Carduus pycnocephalus* L. - H. bienn. - Euro-Medit.-Turan. - Ruderal areas and edges of roads; c.
- Pilosella caubonica* (L.) Greuter - H. scap - Subendemic. - Edges of roads and footpaths, depositional areas of torrents; c.
- Silphium maritimum* (L.) Gaertner - H. bienn. - Medit. Turan. - Synanthropic and ruderal areas, edges of roads and wasteland; pc.
- Gnaphalium tomentosum* March. - A. bienn. - Steno-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Crupina crupinastrum* Moench Vis. - T. scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and glades; pc.
- Centaurea rubra* (L.) - H. bienn. - Subcosmop. - Areas characterised by the presence of man, edges of roads and meadowland; c.
- Centaurea corymbosa* L. - H. scap - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; c.

- Atriplex gummifera* L. - H ros - S-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Scalyanus hispanicus* L. - H bienn - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads and wasteland; pc.
- Clethra integrifolia* L. - H scap - Cosmop. - Edges of roads; c.
- Tulipa anthelmia* Bertol. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; c.
- Rhagadiolus stellatus* (L.) Willd. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Hedysarum creticum* (L.) Willd. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland and garrique; pc.
- Hypochaeris glabra* L. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Hypochaeris cretensis* (L.) Charb. et Bory - H scap - N-Medit. - rocky areas of Su. Slavonia; c.
- Hypochaeris arthroporum* L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; pc.
- Robertoa intricatoides* (Loisel.) DC. - H ros - Endem. ? - Granitic, schistose rocks of Mte. Arcosa above 650 m altitude; pc.
- Crucianum perenne* (L.) Schindl. - T scap - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Crotophaga debilescens* (L.) Schrad. - H scap - Euro-Medit. - Centro-Ocead. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Androsace rotundifolia* L. - T scap - W-Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the maquis; c.
- Thymus affinis* Weber - H ros - Circumfer. - Ruderal areas, meadowland and glades; c.
- Sanchoa aspera* (L.) Hill - T scap - Subcosmop. - Edges of roads, sheepfolds and wasteland; c.
- Sanchoa alba* (L.) Hill - T scap - Subcosmop. - Edges of roads and wasteland; c.
- Sanchoa coccinea* L. - T scap - Steno-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, sheepfolds and wasteland; c.
- Myelis apollis* (L.) Dumort. - H scap - Europ-Caucas. - Edges of footpaths; pc.
- Ranunculus polichus* (L.) Roll. - H scap - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads and meadowland; c.
- Anthriscus bulbosa* (L.) Cass. - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads and meadowland; c.
- Crepis leontodontoides* Vill. - H ros - W-Medit. - Micro. - Rocky areas, garrique and maquis; pc.
- Crepis psyllis* L. - H bienn - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Crepis virens* L. - T scap - Submedit. - Subatl. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Crepis heliophila* Loisel. - T scap - W-Steno-Medit. - Rocky areas and meadowland at lower altitudes; c.

MONOCOTYLEDONS

Alismaceae

- Alisma plantago-aquatica* L. - Frut. - Subcosmop. - Stagnant or slow flowing waters; pc.

Liliaceae

Asperula microcarpa Salzer et Viv. - G. rhiz. - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and maquis; cc.

Colobryon caputii Guss. - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - On the rocks of Medau Figu Meriscas and Sa Spertinas; pc.

Gagea granatoli Parl. - G. bulb. - S. Medit. - Meadowland and garrigue of the uppermost areas of M.te Arcosu; c.

Milium autumnale L. - G. bulb. - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and garrigue; c.

Oxyria parlatiana (L.) Baker - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - Maquis; c. - Meadowland and garrigue; c.

Oxyria nidiata (Desf.) Steinh. - G. bulb. - S-Medit. - Corrosion pools and crevices of rocks along the Rio Sa Canna and near Stazzu Aroni; c.

Oreanthoglossum biflorum Jord. et Four. - G. bulb. - Endem. - Found only on M.te Arcosu; c.

Trimezia fasciata (Vire) Chouard - G. bulb. - Subendem. - Rocks and cool, shady, winding ravines; c.

Leopoldia comosa (L.) Parl. - G. bulb. - Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Allium cinale L. - G. bulb. - Euro-Medit. - On M.te Arcosu at low altitudes; c.

Allium pycnanthum Vix. - G. bulb. - Endem. - Found only on the tops of M.te Arcosu; c.

Allium corymb. L. - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - Found only in one glade on M.te Arcosu; c.

Allium subhirsutum L. - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and maquis; c.

Allium triquetrum L. - G. bulb. - W. Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, glades, maquis and woods; c.

Apogonon angustifolium L. - G. rhiz. - Steno-Medit. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Apogonon albidum L. - Ch. fruit. - W. Steno-Medit. - Rocky areas, garrigue and degraded maquis; c.

Ruscus aculeatus L. - Ch. fruit. - Euro-Medit. - Maquis and woods; c.

Sedum rupestre L. - SP. - Paleo-Subtrop. - Maquis and woods; cc.

Amaryllidaceae

Luzula dotanensis L. - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland and glades; c.

Panicum stramonium L. - G. bulb. - Endem. - Rocky areas at the edges of forests; pc.

Dioscoreaceae

Tamus communis L. - G. rhiz. - Euro-Medit. - Glades, maquis and woods; c.

Uridaceae

Dryas octopetala L. - G. rhiz. - A few specimens at the edges of Parkiera; c.

Dryas octopetala L. - G. bulb. - Steno-Medit. - Dry meadowland; pc.

Crocus vernus DC. - G. bulb. - Endem. - Meadowland and garrigue above 400-500 m altitude; c.

Romulea repens Parl. - G. bulb. - SW Steno-Medit. - Glades near P.ta Igna; c. Ortus; c.

Romulea repens Parl. - G. bulb. - Endem. - Meadowland and garrigue; pc.

Romulea colch. Parl. - G. bulb. - W. Steno-Medit. - Sandy areas of the Rio Manocciu di

Siliquae.

Ronaria columbae Sch. et Maur. - G. sub - S. Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and glades; c.

Glabella brevistylis Miller - G. sub - S. Medit. - Found only at Pantària; c.

Juncaceae

Juncus subulatus Fenzl - G. sub - S. Medit. - Near Camp de Lurs; c.

Juncus boryanii L. - T. caesp. - Cosmop. - Humid places, swampy ground and streams; c.

Juncus effusus L. - G. sub - Cosmop. - Near the Sa Cerna spring and along the Rio Is Freixadus; pc.

Juncus acutus L. - H. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Beds of torrents; c.

Juncus tenuissimus L. - G. caesp. - Circumbur. - Beds of torrents; c.

Juncus cochlearis Weigel - T. caesp. - Euro-Medit.-Atl. - Depositional areas and beds of torrents; pc.

Lygula forsteri (Sav.) DC. - H. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Degraded maquis and weeds; c.

Gramineae

Limonium maritima (L.) Moench - T. caesp. - S. Euro-Medit.-Turani. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Cynosurus crotchiatus L. - T. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Cynosurus elegans Desf. - T. caesp. - S. Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garrigue and glades in the maquis; c.

Bromus erectus L. - T. caesp. - Paleo-subtrop.-Meadowland - garrigue and degraded maquis; c.

Bromus horridus L. - T. caesp. - Subcosmop. - Meadowland, garrigue and maquis; c.

Dactylis biguttata Roth - H. caesp. - S. Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas, dry meadowland and garrigue; c.

Dactylis glomerata L. - H. caesp. - Paleotemp. - Wasteland and meadowland; pc.

Poa annua L. - T. caesp. - Cosmop. - Marginal areas and areas characterised by the presence of man, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Poa bulbosa L. - H. caesp. - Paleotemp. - Rocky areas, dry meadowland and garrigue; c.

Vulpia geniculata (L.) Link. - T. caesp. - W.-Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and garrigue; c.

Vulpia hystrix (A. L.) Link. - T. caesp. - S. Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Vulpia ciliata Desf. - Link. - T. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garrigue; c.

Vulpia myuros (L.) Griseb. - T. caesp. - Subcosmop. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Ambrosia biennis (Viv.) Thunb. - T. caesp. - W. Euro-Medit. - On granite debris and pebbles; pc.

Cynodon dactylon (L.) Hitchc. - T. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.

Melinis ciliata L. - H. caesp. - Euro-Medit. - Turani. - Rocky areas and meadowland on Mt. Arcosa; pc.

Melinis arvensis O. Kuntze - H. caesp. - S. Euro-Medit. - Rocky areas, garrigue and maquis; pc.

Melinis minor L. - H. caesp. - S. Euro-Medit. - Edges of roads, rocky areas, meadowland and garrigue; c.

- Lolium rigidum* Gaudil. - T scap. - Paleo-Subtrop. - Edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.
- Bromus rubens* L. - T scap. - S. Medit.-Turan. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Bromus veridis* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. -Turan. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Bromus madriensis* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.
- Bromus rigidus* Roth. - T scap. - Paleo-Subtrop. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; pc.
- Bromus ciliaris* L. - T scap. - Steno-Medit. - Wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Bromus intermedius* Guss. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland and garigue; pc.
- Bromus hartwegii* (L.) R. et S. - T scap. - Subtropical. - Edges of roads, sheepfolds, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Brachypodium pinnatifidum* (Hudson) Beauv. - H caesp. - Paleomont. - In the wood of *Quercus platanus* (L.) Gaertner and more rarely in the wood of *Quercus rubra* L.; c.
- Brachypodium ramosum* (L.) R. et S. - H caesp. - W-Steno-Medit. - Garrigue and degraded maquis; c.
- Brachypodium distachyon* (L.) Beauv. - T scap. - Steno-Medit.-Turan. - Meadowland, garigue and degraded maquis; c.
- Hordium murinum* L. - T scap. - Circumboreal. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Hordium leporinum* Link. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Avena bushiana* Poir. - T scap. - Euro-Medit.-Turan. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Avena sterilis* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. -Turan. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Lolobachium ciliatum* (L.) Hyt. - T caesp. - Subco-norp. - Wasteland, meadowland and garigue; c.
- Critharia pinnata* (Lam.) Maire - T scap. - W-Steno-Medit. -Macarones. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Cirsium ventricosa* (Gouan) Sch. et Th. - T scap. - Midd. Atl. - Edges of roads, meadowland, garigue and glades in the maquis; c.
- Polygonum aviculare* (Cienaro) Briza. - H caesp. - Paleo-Subtrop. - Wet depositional sands and sides of torrents; pc.
- Lagurus ovatus* L. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Ruderal areas, edges of roads, wasteland and meadowland; c.
- Alopecurus phyllon* L. - T scap. - Paleo-Subtrop. - Sandy areas of the torrents, meadowland and garigue; c.
- Alopecurus pratensis* Guss. - T scap. - W-Steno-Medit. -Sandy areas, meadowland and garigue; c.
- Alopecurus elegans* Willd. - T scap. - Euro-Medit. - Glades, maquis and woods; pc.
- Cerophytus fasciculatus* Boiss. et Reuter - T scap. - W-Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garigue and glades; c.
- Anthoxanthum odoratum* Lag. - T scap. - W-Steno-Medit. - Garrigue and degraded maquis at high altitudes, woods; pc.
- Stipa bromoides* (L.) Durfl. - H caesp. - Steno-Medit. - Glades and maquis; pc.
- Stipa capensis* Thunb. - T scap. - Steno-Medit. - Wasteland, meadowland and garigue; c.

Oxytropis militaria (L.) Asch. et Schweinf. - H caesp - Siero-Medit-Turan. - Edges of roads, wasteland, meadowland and garigue, c.

Onobrychis lutea (L.) Janchet. - H caesp - Palearctop. - Edges of roads, rocks and weakly inclined rocky faces in the Rocca Fumosa area: c.

Araceae

Arisaema pictum L. fil. - G rhiz. - Endem. - Marginal areas, glades and maquis: c.

Arisaema vulgare Targ.-Tozz. - G rhiz - Siero-Medit - Garrigue, maquis and woods: cc.

Andropogon iserus L. - G rhiz - W-Siero-Medit - Meadowland, glades, garigue and maquis: c.

Lemnaceae

Lemna minor L. - Nat. - Subcosmop. - Pools along the Rio Is Freixadus: c.

Typhaceae

Typha angustifolia L. - G rhiz - Circumbor. - Found only along the Rio Marradoc, d. Siliqua and Rio Is Freixadus: c.

Cyperaceae

Carex distachya Desf. - H caesp - Siero-Medit. - Evolved maquis and woods: c.

Carex diaria Hudson - G rhiz - Euro-Medit-Atl. - Wet meadowland, boggy areas and edges of torrents: pc.

Carex hillebranda Asso - H caesp - Euro-Medit. - Maquis and woods: pc.

Carex diuturna L. - H caesp - Euro-Medit. - Glades, maquis and woods: pc.

Carex orthocarpa Bernh. - G rhiz - Endem. Springs, boggy areas and beds of torrents: pc.

Carex flacca Schreber - G rhiz - Europ. - Wet zones, springs and riparian woods: pc.

Helictotrichon gussonei (L.) R. & B. - G rhiz - Euro-Medit. - Edges of torrents: c.

Isoplepis setacea (Vahl) R. et S. - T scap - Subcosmop. - Wet, consolidated sands of the Rio Sa Canina: pc.

Isoplepis setacea (L.) R. & B. - T scap - Palearctop. - Found only near a spring along the Rio Is Freixadus: c.

Cyperus longus L. - G rhiz - Palearctop. - Stagnant or slow flowing waters, especially near Sa Canina: pc.

Orchidaceae

Limnorchis abrotanum (L.) Swartz - G bulb - Euro-Medit. - Evolved maquis and woods: c.

Nardaea maculata (Desf.) Steud. - G bulb - Siero-Medit. - Glades in the maquis and woods: c.

Ophrys apifera Hudson - G bulb - Euro-Medit - Meadowland and glades in the maquis: pc.

Ophrys lutea Cav. subsp. *maia* (Toul. & G. et F. Damesel) - G bulb - Siero-Medit. - Maquis, garigue and meadowland: pc.

Ophrys morisi (Marshall) Sosa in Keller & al. - G bulb - Endem. - edges of roads, meadowland, garigue and maquis: c.

- Ophrys tenthredinifera* Willd. - G bulb - Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Orchis longirens* Poinet - G bulb - W-Steno-Medit. - Edges of roads, meadowland and garrique; c.
- Orchis papilionacea* L. - G bulb - Euro-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the mountains; c.
- Orchis papilionacea* cv. f. subsp. *grandiflora* (Boiss. & H. Bannigan) - G bulb - Steno-Medit. - The drier meadowland and garrique; c.
- Scrapia cordigera* L. - G bulb - Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and edges of the mountains; c.
- Scrapia hircus* L. - G bulb - W-Steno-Medit. - Meadowland, garrique and glades in the Plaques; pc.
- Scrapia nardica* Cretas - G bulb - Eastern ? - In the more thermophilic maquis of the lower areas; c.
- Scrapia parviflora* Parl. - G bulb - Steno-Medit. - meadowland and garrique, often mixed with *Scrapia hircus* L.; c.
- Sperandea squarrosa* (L.) Chevall. - G rhiz. - Europe-Caucas. - wet meadowland; pc.

Discussion

In the research on Monte Arcosu 520 taxa were recorded, of which 492 were specific and 28 subspecific, belonging to 30 genera and 60 families.

The families with the greatest number of entities (Table 4) were the *Compositae* (55) followed by the *Leguminosae* (51) and the *Gramineae* (47).

Table 4. Families with more than one taxon

Families	Genera	Entities
<i>Compositae</i>	41	55
<i>Leguminosae</i>	18	51
<i>Gramineae</i>	25	47
<i>Caryophyllaceae</i>	15	21
<i>Labiatae</i>	13	20
<i>Scrophulariaceae</i>	10	19
<i>Umbelliferae</i>	12	18
<i>Umbelliferae</i>	14	17
<i>Cuscutaceae</i>	15	16
<i>Crenidaceae</i>	6	14

Considering the number of taxa per km², Table 5 shows the floristic richness of Monte Arcosu compared with Pisanomanna (Arrigoni 1964) and Pabalen-Gulfari-Manna-Punta Maxia (Camarda & al. 1993). Since in the flora of Pisanomanna, taxa of a lower rank than subspecies were not considered, the number of entities of this area was reduced from 553 to 463. A comparison of the different flora shows that Monte Arcosu is floristically richer than the other two areas and that the data relating to Pabalen-Gulfari-Manna-Punta Maxia tend to be considerably different especially as regards genera and species, a difference only partly justifiable with the fact that a much greater area had been considered.

	Table 5. Floristic richness					
	Area (km ²)	Entities	Entities per km ²	Genera	Genera per km ²	Families
Monte Arzon	32	520	16.25	303	9.47	90
Piximantona (Argenti 1964)	40	467	11.67	269	6.72	n.s.
Pantaleo (Camarda & al. 1993)	120	593	4.94	338	2.81	90

The flora relating to the biological spectrum (Fig. 2) essentially confirms the Mediterranean nature of the area ($T = 43.6\%$) and the high degree of woodland covering ($P = 10.5\%$). The high percentage of geophytes ($G = 14\%$) seems to be associated with the presence of rain, especially with the practice of setting fires and with woodland pastoral activity. Significant is the percentage of hydrophytes ($H = 1.4\%$) that are found essentially along torrents and near springs.

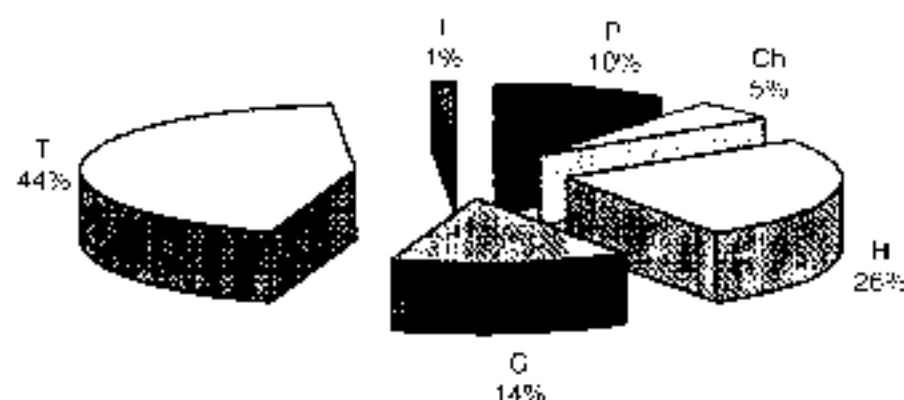


Fig. 2. Biological spectrum of the flora of Monte Arzon.

From a comparison of the biological spectrum of Monte Arzon (Table 6) with that of Sanlúcar (Bacchi et al. 1995) no particular dissimilarity emerges, while great differences are seen in the therophyte values as compared to the flora of Piximantona (Argenti 1964) and Pantaleo-Cultura Marina-Punta Masía (Camarda & al. 1993). The percentage values for these floras were significantly higher (by 9 and 5 percentage points), and an important justification can be found except for the fact that the Piximantona area faces the sea.

Table 6. A comparison of the biological spectra.

	P	Ch	H	G	T	I
Monte Arcosu	10.4	5.0	25.6	14.0	43.6	1.4
Pixnamanna (Arignani 1964)	9.0	5.0	19.0	15.0	52.0	0.0
Pantaleo (Camarda & al. 1992)	9.3	3.7	25.7	17.4	40.7	0.7
Sardinia (Boocchiei 1995)	8.6	0.7	28.1	12.1	39.9	3.0

Fig. 3 shows the spectrum of analogous chorological classes, grouped together in macroforms for a clearer comparison, while a second spectrum (Fig. 4 and Table 7) shows the Mediterranean subelements. In this way the spectra show both the dominance of Mediterranean species (75%), and that of steno-Mediterranean (24%), euri-Mediterranean (23%) and endemic (19%) elements. The western-Mediterranean (11%) and southern-Mediterranean (5%) components are important because they identify the chorological barycentre of the studied area.

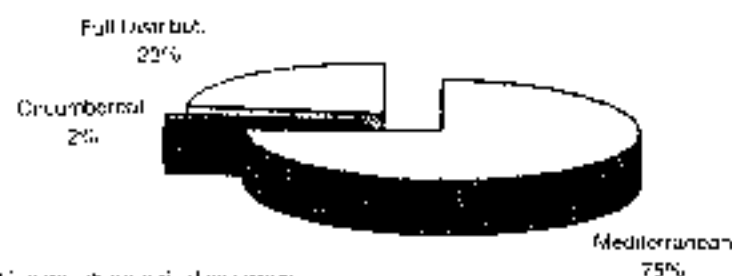


Fig. 3. General chorological spectrum.

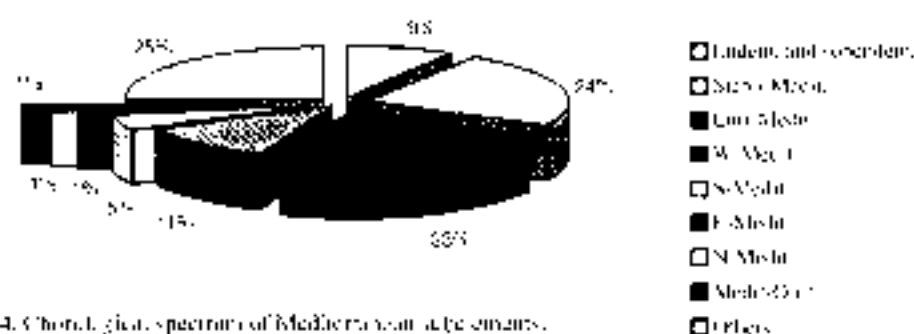


Fig. 4. Chorological spectrum of Mediterranean subelements.

Table 7. Mediterranean subelements.

Chorological type	taxa	%
Endem. and subendem.	46	9
Sicno-Medit.	125	24
Euri-Medit.	120	23
Wi-Medit.	59	11
S-Medit.	28	5
E-Medit.	4	1
N-Medit.	3	1
Medit-Orcoh.	5	1
OTHERS	132	25

For the endemic species (46 entities, 3 of which are subspecies) a spectrum was prepared (Fig. 5 and Tables 8-9) showing the Sardinian endemic component distinct from the Sardinian-Corsican and other widely distributed components. Entities of Tyrrhenian gravitation according to Arrigoni & Di Tommaso (1991), have been included in the endemic Tyrrhenian category. The result shows dominance of the Sardo-Corsican and Sardinian endemic entities, that together make up 87% of the total. The datum relating to Sardo-Corsican entities (37%) is high due to the spheric nature of the substrate that tends to dominate the morphologies in summit areas, in rocky faces and in areas above 600 m altitude.

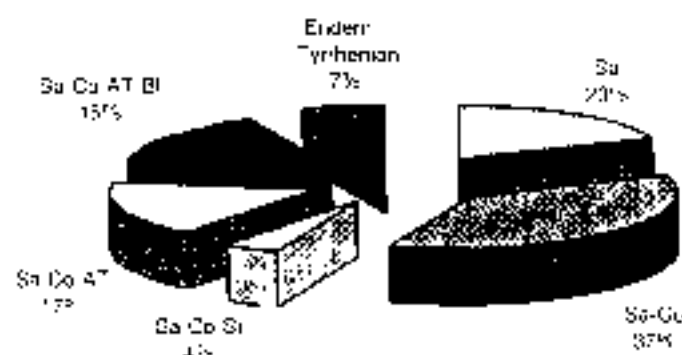


Fig. 5. Chorological spectrum of the endemic component.

Table 8. Number and percentage of endemic species.

Chorological type	taxa	%
Sardinia	9	20
Sardinia-Corsica	17	37
Sardinia-Corsica-Sicily	2	4
Sardinia-Corsica-Tuscan Archipelago	6	17
Sardinia-Corsica-Tuscan Arch. Balearics	7	15
Tyrrhenian Endem. (sensu Arrigoni & Di Tommaso 1991)	3	7

Table 9. The endemic component of Monte Argosu.

<i>Allium parviflorum</i> Viviani	Sa-Co
<i>Arenaria balaenica</i> L.	Sa-Co-AT-BI
<i>Anistokchia rotunda</i> L. subsp. <i>insularis</i> Gamisans	Sa-Co
<i>Anistokchia tyrrhenica</i> Nardi et Arriagón	Sa
<i>Armeria sulcifera</i> Arriagón	Sa
<i>Arum pictum</i> L. fil.	Sa-Co-AT-BI
<i>Barbarea ruxicola</i> Moris	Sa-Co
<i>Belium bellidifolius</i> L.	Sa-Co-BI
<i>Rituminaria montana</i> (Pignatti et Mollegns) Greuter	Sa
<i>Borago pygmaea</i> (DC.) Chater et Greuter	Sa-Co-AI
<i>Brassicula fastigiata</i> (Viv.) Chiovani	Sa-Co-AT-BI
<i>Bryonia maritima</i> Petit	Sa-Co
<i>Carex retrofracta</i> Bertol. ex Mon.	Sa-Co-AT
<i>Capparis minimus</i> DC. (Rocca)	Sa-Co
<i>Cymbalaria aequiloides</i> (Viv.) A. Chevalier	Sa-Co-AI-BI
<i>Dekkersia pictum</i> Willd.	Sa-Co-Bi-Ga
<i>Dianthus sculus</i> C. Presl	Sa-Co-Si
<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i> Guas. ex Bertol.	Sa-Co-Si
<i>Euphorbia semperfoliata</i> Viv.	Sa-Co
<i>Georata corsica</i> (Loisel.) DC. in Lam. et DC.	Sa-Co
<i>Goniata micrantha</i> Colla	Sa
<i>Goniata sphaeroides</i> DC.	Sa
<i>Helichrysum montecosanum</i> E. Schmid	Sa
<i>Hypericum frutescens</i> L.	Sa
<i>Mercurialis insularis</i> Req. ex Grün et Godr.	Sa-Co-AT-BI
<i>Mercurialis requienii</i> Benth.	Sa-Co-AI
<i>Mercurialis corsica</i> Cassan	Sa-Co
<i>Ophrys morisi</i> (Martelli) Scovin Keller et al.	Sa-Co
<i>Oxymagalus biflorum</i> Jordan et Four.	Sa-Co
<i>Orobancha rigens</i> Loisel.	Sa-Co
<i>Pancratium thymum</i> L.	Sa-Co-AI
<i>Polygonum austriacum</i> Requien ex Loisel.	Sa-Co
<i>Plantaginum caput-medusae</i> (L.) Greuter	Sa-Co-AT-Ga
<i>Romulea requienii</i> Parl.	Sa-Co-II
<i>Sedix aragonii</i> Brullo	Sa
<i>Sanitrago corsica</i> (Ser.) ex Duby; Grün. et Godr.	Sa-Co
<i>Sarcobutere infoliate</i> L.	Sa-Co-AI
<i>Sesuvium nudica</i> Correns	Sa-Co
<i>Seseli bocconi</i> Guas. subsp. <i>maecox</i> Gamisans	Sa-Co
<i>Silene acaulis</i> Viv.	Sa-Co
<i>Stachys glutinosa</i> L.	Sa-Co-AI
<i>Stachys cretica</i> Pers.	Sa-Co
<i>Teucrium montanum</i> L.	Sa-Co-AT
<i>Urtica arvensis</i> Requien ex Loisel.	Sa-Co-AI-BI
<i>Veronica campocarpa</i> Moris	Sa-Co-AT
<i>Viola corsica</i> Nym. s. subsp. <i>ambrosia</i> Marx. et Loopen	Sa

The endemic component shows a certain floristic independence, that gains significance when the chorological sector refers to the entire Suders-Iglaaghe mountain complex. In this light findings of taxa such as *Helichrysum montecosanum* Schmid and *Armeria*

salutaria Arrigoni are insistant and contribute to a better definition of the area of Monte Arcosu from a biogeographical point of view. In fact in Sulcis so far, *Heliohelios* and *montelinianus* Schmid had only been found on Monte Lattias (Angiolino & al. 1988) and *Armeria subinaea* Arrigoni on Punta Sa Cressa (Arrigoni 1970).

The finding of *Artemisiaeae parthena* Nardi et Arrigoni, *Gentia varii* Cella and *Seseli leucum* Guss. subsp. *pauciflorum* Garbisanis, contributes to better define the distribution area and ecology of these entities.

As regards *Scirpus maritima* Corries and *Rumex crispus* Parl., it should be pointed out that they have been included among the endemic species though, in the light of recent findings, their entomological position is uncertain.

Finally, it should be mentioned that since *Vicia cordata* Nyman subsp. *limbata* Merxm. et Lappert and *Borragia psoralea* (DC.) Chater et Greuter, are the only entities that were not found in this study, and that first finding has never been confirmed, these entities may have become extinct.

As regards the taxa of phytogeographical interest, the datum relating to the finding of *Chelidonium majus* Loez, *Rapum montalinum* DC., *Roburcia vintensis* (Euseb.) DC. (Camarda & al. 1993), *Euphorbia polycalycha* L. subsp. *orbiculata* Mense (Braun 1993) and *Origanum a. hultii* Muhl. (Arrigoni 1964) is confirmed. Entities of western Mediterranean origin, that are new in Sulcis, such as *Sedum andegavense* (DC.) Desv., *Origanum laetevirens* Rabh., *Dipsacus Guss.* (Euseb.), *Asperula bellia* (Viv.) Fiori and *Corydalis fasciculata* Boiss. et Reuter have been reported.

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